

# WORK EXPERIENCE POLICY Solo/Group Work Experience

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Work experience is one of the most important link activities between employers and schools. This exposure to work is a significant step in preparing young people for adult and working life by developing their personal and social skills as well as the key skills they will need for the world of work. This document details the health and safety responsibilities for schools and external organisations who are involved in work experience placements.

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#### Introduction

- 1. Work experience that is well planned and well organised has an important role in developing a student's personal and social skills and gives them important opportunities to learn directly about the world of work.
- 2. However, students outside the school environment will be more exposed to the potential risks involved, both from the tasks they undertake and from the working environment, e.g. equipment and hazardous substances. The physical and psychological immaturity of students also constitutes a risk in itself and therefore it is important that these are taken into account in the risk assessment completed by the Placement Provider.
- 3. Work experience placements are only permitted by law for students in years 10, 11, 12 and 13.
- 4. The Working Time Regulations 1998 apply to students at work experience placements, for example they should not work for more than five days in any consecutive seven-day period. The number of hours worked and pattern of duties is normally agreed by the placement provider, school and students. Schools should put measures in place to ensure that students on placements are not required to work excessively long hours or unnecessarily unsocial hours. It is strongly recommended that students should not be asked to work more than a standard eight-hour day.
- 5. Children between 13 and the minimum school leaving age (MLSA) are prohibited from being employed in industrial undertakings such as factories, construction sites etc, except when on work experience schemes approved by the Children's Services Department. The Health and Safety (Training for Employment) Regulations 1990 have the effect of designating children on work experience placements as staff and employers must provide them with at least the same health, safety and welfare protection that they give their own staff. There are also some agerelated restrictions which prohibit young workers, including children on work experience, from working with particular machinery or undertaking particular tasks. Employers should be aware of these restrictions.
- 6. This document provides advice to schools on arranging work experience placements to ensure that all placements are in line with health and safety legislation.

#### 2. Definitions



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- 2.1. The Department for Education (DfE) defines work experience as "a placement on an employer's premises in which a student carries out a particular task or duty, or range of tasks and duties, more or less as would an employee, but with the emphasis on the learning aspects of the experience."
- 2.2. Work Experience can be classified as either:
  - Block the placement takes place over 5 or 10 consecutive working days.
  - Extended the placement takes place on 1 or 2 days per week over a period of time. Schools must ensure that they comply with the criteria that are designed to safeguard students' entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum. It is therefore unlikely that extended work experience of more than two days a week will meet this requirement.

## 3. Responsibilities

- 3.1. The Headteacher has overall responsibility to ensure the health, safety and welfare of students on work experience and staff who are involved in the planning and preparation of the placement. They will ensure that:
  - √ a suitable and sufficient management system is implemented for work experience;
  - ✓ a named member of SLT is nominated within the school with responsibility for ensuring that the health and safety requirements for work experience are carried out;
  - √ a member of staff is identified as the Work Experience Co-ordinator;
  - ✓ if the service is being delivered in-house, the responsibilities of the Placement Organiser are implemented (see 3.3)
  - ✓ the suitability of work experience placements has been assessed by a competent person;
  - √ there is clear communication with all key parties involved with the work placement;
  - ✓ health and safety procedures are followed;
  - ✓ arrangements are in place to send consent forms and risk assessment to parents/carers and that a copy of this document is signed and returned before the placement begins;
  - √ arrangements are in place to provide placement providers with any additional needs of the student;
  - ✓ staff comply with the schools accident protocol and that all parties understand their responsibilities.



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- 3.2. The role of the Governing Body is to ensure the work experience policy is up to date and monitoring that work experience is delivered effectively. They will ensure that:
  - ✓ ensure the Work Experience Policy is correct and also ensures the schools'
    arrangements meet all requirements;
  - ✓ when purchasing a work experience service from a 'Placement Organiser', all aspects of this policy are met, that there is evidence of this in the provision and that monitoring arrangements are in place.



## 3.3. Placement Organisers

The Placement Organiser may be the school or a service that has been purchased. Whoever takes on the role of Placement Organiser is responsible for the following duties:

- ✓ ensure that placement providers hosting students on placement have been approved based on a robust health and safety inspection, and there is evidence of Employer's Liability Insurance and Risk Assessments in place;
- ✓ assess the suitability of all placement providers with regards to health and safety and child protection;
- ✓ ensure that health and safety inspections are carried out by a competent person.

#### A competent person is defined as someone who:

- 1. is qualified to assess work places and has an IOSH qualifications (as a minimum);
- 2. has relevant experience in assessing work placements for young people under the minimum school leaving age;
- 3. has access to competent health and safety advice e.g. a member of the Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (IOSH) and relevant sector experience.
  - ✓ ensure that placement providers understand their responsibilities with regards to health and safety and when undertaking a risk assessment, that they take in to account any additional needs the student may have;
  - ✓ ensure that placement risk assessments are made available to schools, in order that
    it can be sent to parents/carers;
  - ✓ ensure that placement providers comply with the ESCC accident protocol and that all parties understand their responsibilities;
  - ✓ ensure that placement providers understand their responsibilities regarding child protection and sign a Principles of Child Protection Document, or provide evidence that they have a Child Protection Policy in place;
  - ✓ ensure that all placements are visited and there is a revisit programme in place, as
    follows: high risk placements are visited annually; medium risk placements are
    visited every 2 years; low risk placements are visited every 3 years.
  - ✓ ensure that, before approving a placement, they are satisfied that the placement
    provider has put in place the requirements set out in paragraph 3.7; Not all
    providers deliver the same level of service, so we advise you to check before
    entering into any contractual agreements.

## 3.4. Senior Leadership Team Member

The Senior Leadership Team Member is responsible for ensuring that procedures in relation to work experience are carried out in line with this policy.

In particular, he/she will ensure that:

- √ health and safety requirements for Work Experience are carried out;
- ✓ key staff understand their roles and responsibilities in relation to work experience;
- ✓ procedures are in place to use the risk assessments when matching students with placement;
- ✓ procedures are in place to send consent forms and risk assessment to parents/carers and that a copy of this document is signed and returned before the placement begins;
- ✓ students are given any necessary health and safety instruction and training;
- ✓ clear communication and consultation are in place with all key parties involved with the
  work placement;
- √ health and safety updates relating to work experience are communicated to appropriate staff;
- ✓ procedures are in place to ensure that students are visited on placement once for a block placement and every five to six weeks for an extended placement;
- ✓ staff visiting students for monitoring visits are provided with a risk assessment for the placement and provided with any personal protective equipment deemed necessary in the risk assessment;
- ✓ relevant staff comply with the ESCC accident protocol and that all parties understand their responsibilities.

## 3.5. Work Experience Co-ordinator

The Work Experience Co-ordinator is responsible for developing procedures to ensure that students placed with employers for work experience as part of his/her programme, are not subject to unacceptable risks. He/she will ensure that:

- ✓ all work placement providers have been approved by a competent person (see paragraph 5) prior to use;
- √ arrangements are in place to ensure that any guidelines issued by a Placement Organiser are implemented and monitored;
- ✓ risk assessments are referred to when matching students to placements ensuring all potential risks have been considered;
- ✓ consent forms and the risk assessment are sent to parents/carers and that a copy of this
  document is signed and returned before the placement begins;



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- √ liaise with school staff regarding any additional needs that students might have, and
  provide all placement providers with this information in order that a specific risk
  assessment can be completed for the student and sent to the parent/carer before the
  placement begins;
- ✓ the person responsible for mentoring the student, and visiting teachers, are provided with
  a copy of the risk assessment prior to the placement taking place;
- ✓ comply with the schools accident protocol.

## 3.6. Teacher(s) monitoring Work Experience Placements

The teacher(s) responsible for monitoring work experience placements will ensure that:

- √ they are familiar with the risk assessments for placements being visited and that any identified personal protective equipment or clothing is worn;
- ✓ records are kept of the monitoring visit;
- ✓ a visit takes place once for a block placement and every five to six weeks for an extended placement. Where it is not possible to make a visit due to location of the placement, phone contact takes place and is recorded;
- ✓ ensure where there are any concerns, this is reported as soon as possible to the Work Experience Co-ordinator and more frequent visits made. Any concerns should also be fed back to the Placement Organiser;
- ✓ ensure child protection and health and safety procedures are followed.

### 3.7. Placement Providers

The Placement Provider is the employer that has agreed to take a student on placement. The Placement Provider must comply with the following requirements:

- ✓ contact their insurance company to advise them that they are taking a student for work experience and ensure that Employer's Liability Insurance is in place;
- ✓ assess the risks to their young workers (i.e. under 18 years of age) including students on work experience, before they start work;
- ✓ ensure that a risk assessment is completed and takes into account specific factors such as immaturity, inexperience and lack of awareness, as well as any additional needs the student may have. This document must be forwarded to the school so that parents/carers can receive a copy prior to the placement commencing;
- √ introduce and implement control measures to eliminate or minimise the risks and ensure that these are implemented, including the wearing of personal protective equipment or clothing;



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- ✓ ensure the student receives adequate training and health and safety instructions prior to commencing the placement/first day;
- ✓ nominate a mentor to work with the student;
- ✓ provide adequate supervision as detailed on the risk assessment;
- ✓ ensure students are made aware of the work activities involved and any associated significant risks;
- ✓ ensure that students are informed of who has day to day responsibility at the workplace for supervising them, and who (if different) has overall responsibility for their health and safety during their work experience;
- √ inform the Placement Organiser, the school Work Experience Coordinator and parents/ carers of any accident/incident as soon as practicable;
- ✓ complete the incident/accident book, and/or report as a RIDDOR to HSE in the event of serious accident/incident in line under required under RIDDOR. The Placement Organiser must ensure that they are satisfied that the Placement Provider has these processes in place before approving a placement.
- 3.8. Parents or carers of a child have no specific responsibilities under health and safety legislation, except when they provide work experience for members of their own family. In this case they will have the same health and safety responsibilities as other placement providers. Parents or carers of a child can provide useful information about their child's medical or behaviour conditions, or particularly any potential health and safety problems that may relate in the placement. This information must be passed on to the placement provider so that s/he is able to carry out an effective risk assessment prior to the commencement of the placement.

#### 4. Risk Assessment

- 4.1. The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 states that employers must assess the risks to their young workers, including students on work experience before they start work.
- 4.2. Risk assessments should be undertaken by the placement provider as soon as the placement details have been agreed in conjunction with the school and before the student takes up the work placement. Placement providers should be informed in advance by the school about any individual students who may be at greater risk, for example because of any specific medical needs/behavioural needs or learning difficulties.



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- 4.3. The risk assessment must take into account the following factors;
- inexperience and immaturity;
- lack of awareness of existing or potential risks;
- the fitting and layout of the workplace and/or workstation;
- the nature, degree and duration of any exposure to physical, biological and chemical agents;
- the form, range and use of work equipment and the way in which it is handled;
- the organisation of processes and activities;
- the extent of the supervision to be provided to the student;
- the extent of the health and safety training provided, or to be provided, to the student concerned;
- risks from agents, processes and work listed in Appendix A; and
- any issues relating to students medical, behavioural, physical and/ or learning needs
- 4.4. The extent of the risk will determine whether to restrict the work or the activities of the work experience student. If the placement provider concludes, that as a result of a risk assessment, there is a significant risk to the student undertaking this activity, the student must be prohibited from doing it.
- 4.5. The placement provider must ensure that the control measures identified on the risk assessment are implemented. The person responsible for mentoring the student must be provided with a copy of the risk assessment.
- 4.6. There is, however, an extra requirement on the employer to provide the parents/carers of children at work (including those on work experience) with information on the key findings of the risk assessment and control measures taken before the child starts work. Where the placement provider employs five or more staff, the significant findings of the risk assessment must be recorded, including work experience risk assessments
- 4.7. In order to fulfil the legal requirements relating to risk assessment, schools must implement a procedure to ensure that consent forms and the risk assessment are sent to parents/carers and that a copy of this document is signed and returned before the placement begins.
- 4.8. Information can be also be found on www.hse.gov.uk/youngpeople/risks/index.htm
- 5. Suitability of the Placement

- 5.1. Schools or any other organisation arranging work experience placements for young people must be satisfied that the placement providers:
  - have suitable systems in place to ensure the health, safety and welfare, so far as is reasonably practicable, of the student while under their control;
  - are competent to manage health and safety in relation to the placement;
  - will use competent people to supervise work experience.
- 5.2. A list of placements that are not permitted is contained within Appendix A.
- 5.3. Written parental consent is legally required before a placement can commence if a student is below the minimum school leaving age (pre-16). This consent should be obtained after the parent has sighted the risk assessment.
- 5.4. The commissioning of a Placement Organiser can support the schools and other organisations in the delivery of a work experience programme.
- 5.5. If another Placement Organiser is commissioned to undertake this service, schools must ensure that the responsibilities contained within 3.3 above are fulfilled, and that these are evidenced within the service provision.



#### 6. Confidentiality

- 6.1. Parents must inform the school of any issues, health or otherwise (behavioural issues, infringements of the law, language ability etc.) relating to the student prior to the student commencing work experience.
- 6.2. The school is required to inform an employer of any of the above that may affect the employer's willingness to take that student for work experience. If this information is not supplied then the placement cannot be approved.
- 6.3. Permission must always be sought from parents and the student before any information listed above covered by the data protection act is shared. Please note that a placement cannot go ahead if such permission is not received.

## 7. Supporting Students during the Work Experience Placement

7.1. Students should understand the necessity for health and safety controls in the workplace. General principles could be introduced as part of the pre-briefing by the school and/or at a preplacement visit by the student.

## 8. Monitoring of Students whilst on Work Experience

- 8.1. It is a requirement of the HSE that all work experience placements are monitored. These provide a useful opportunity to ask students if they have any health and safety concerns and to discuss the practical ways in which risks are controlled.
- 8.2. Staff carrying out monitoring visits of students must be provided with a copy of the risk assessment to alert them of the control measures that should be in place and the potential risks to their own health and safety in that industry.



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- 8.3. Schools and any other organisations arranging work experience should ensure that staff monitoring work experience placements are provided with, and wear suitable personal protective clothing (PPE). If this is not practical, staff must be instructed not to enter any areas of work that require PPE.
- 8.4. Staff on monitoring visits should ask the students about the tasks that they are performing and the level of supervision that they have received. If the level of supervision is believed to be insufficient, this should be raised with the employer, school and Placement Organiser so that remedial action can be taken.



#### 9. Feedback

- 9.1. Successful management of work experience programmes depend on feedback, therefore Work Experience Co-ordinators are encouraged to provide feedback on placement providers to the Placement Organiser.
- 9.2. It is recommended that students are asked to feedback on the health and safety standards of the placement provider during the post placement review. The Placement Organiser will need to be notified immediately if concerns are raised.

## 10. Children's Services and Settings

- 10.1. Some work experience placements are organised for young people by teams within Children's Services.
- 10.2.If Children's Services teams arrange or purchase a work experience service from another provider, they must ensure that the systems they have in place are rigorous, that all aspects of this policy are met and that there is evidence of this in the provision.

#### 11. Child Protection

- 11.1.When arranging work experience placements there are considerations regarding child protection. Child protection means protecting children against all forms of abuse, including sexual abuse, physical and emotional abuse and neglect and applies to all young people under 18.
- 11.2.Employers are asked, when preparing a programme of work experience for a young person, to take responsibility for their social welfare as well as their physical welfare.



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- 11.3.Employers should do all they can to ensure their employee's relationships with young people on work experience are appropriate to their age and gender, and do not give rise to comment and speculation. Attitude, behaviour and language all require care and thought. Employers must read and sign a Principles of Child Protection Document or provide evidence that they have a Child Protection Policy in place. Schools providing work experience placements are exempt from this.
- 11.4.All parties involved in setting up and monitoring of work experience placements should be familiar with child protection procedures.

11.5.For more specific guidance, please refer to the DCSF's guidance 'Safeguarding Children and Safer Recruitment in Education', section on Students in Work placements, p.68-69. This sets out the very specific responsibilities of schools for child protection and work experience.

#### 12. Schools Providing Work Experience Placements

- 12.1.Although the organisation of work experience placements mainly affect Secondary and Secondary Special Schools, any school may be asked to provide a work experience placement for a student who has expressed a particular interest in the teaching profession or more generally, working with children.
- 12.2. Where schools are willing to provide work experience placements, they should be aware that they will be expected to fulfil the responsibilities outlined in this document as placement providers.
- 12.3. When planning to receive a student on a work experience placement, it is essential that all the relevant information is gathered and the appropriate forms are completed for each stage of the process.



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12.4. Where schools are undertaking the role of placement provider, a risk assessment must be undertaken and forwarded to the host school. Training on risk assessment is available through the Occupational Health and Safety team and is advertised in the Health and Safety Training directory.

## 13. Out of Area Placements

- 13.1.For all out of area placement requests, the work experience organisation in that area must ensure that placement providers are meeting legal and health and safety requirements. Please discuss with your Placement Organiser what their arrangements are for any out of area placements.
- 13.2.If a student wishes to undertake work experience out of area (not in Buckinghamshire) then parents or carers are responsible for making the appropriate arrangements for travel and accommodation.



#### 14. Insurance

14.1.The Association of British Insurers, the British Insurance and Investment Brokers Association Lloyds of London have agreed that students on work experience placements which conform to the Education (Work Experience) Act 1973 should be treated as staff for the purpose of insurance against personal injury, provided that the insurer has been notified. Therefore all placement providers must have Employers' Liability and Public Liability Insurance. NB. Although employers who are close relatives of the student (mother, father, siblings, uncle, aunt, grandparents) are considered exempt from this, it is still recommended that placements do not take place with ANY employer who does not have employer's liability insurance. (This recommendation is made with the intention of maintaining the safety and wellbeing of the student at all times, all appropriate health & safety guidance adhered to, and appropriate risk assessments carried out).

The employer will arrange for Employer's Liability Insurance, Public Liability and Motor Vehicle Insurance (where applicable) and will confirm that the student is covered by each policy. The employer will accept, or insure against liability for loss, damage or injury caused to or by the student, whilst on work placement, to the employer's property (material damage), other employees or third parties, in the same way as for paid employees. The employer will notify their insurer of student participation in work experience. Child Protection, The employer is responsible

## 15. Pay, Tax & National Insurance

- 15.1. The parent or carer will need to be aware that it is a condition of work experience that students do not receive payment. They therefore will not be entitled to the industrial injuries benefits of the Social Security Act 1975 if they are involved in an accident while taking part in work experience.
- 15.2. Students on work experience have the status of an "employee" for legal and insurance purposes but must not receive payment for the work they do. Employers can assist with travelling expenses or lunch costs if they wish.
- 15.3. The number of hours worked and pattern of duties, is normally agreed by the placement provider, school and students. Schools should put measures in place to ensure that students on placements are not required to work excessively long hours or unnecessarily unsocial hours.





## 16. Reporting of Accidents during Work Experience

- 16.1.It may be necessary to remind placement providers that they have a responsibility to report all accidents to students that are reportable under the Reporting of Injuries Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 1995.
- 16.2.Placement providers must notify immediately the parent/carer, school and ESCC Work Experience Team, giving full details of any incident/accident involving a student. Schools should then report the incident and complete an investigation that will need to be forwarded immediately to the Occupational Health and Safety team.
- 16.3. The process for reporting accidents must be followed.

#### **Appendix A: Prohibited Placements**

Students on work experience are not permitted to work in the following areas:

- a tattoo studio
- a body piercing studio
- parts of a beauty salon where semi-permanent make up is used
- an abattoir
- at any height
- on water see water guidelines
- in the air hot air balloons, helicopters, gliders etc.
- in gambling locations amusement arcades, betting shops, casinos.
- behind the bar of public houses and restaurants selling alcohol
- in an off-license
- with guns e.g. gun shop, gamekeeper
- with fireworks
- new build sites or total refurbishment sites are not deemed appropriate for work experience.

Please be aware that certain restrictions apply in all industries where placements are permitted.

## 17. Legal Requirements & Recommended Best Practices

There are certain legal requirements and recommended best practices that are in place to ensure the safety of all parties involved in a work placement. The main areas to be aware of are:

## 1. "Health and Safety at Work"

The Health and Safety (Training and Employment) Regulations 1990 state that all those receiving training or work experience from an employer in the workplace are deemed to be

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'employees' for the purposes of Health and Safety legislation. This legislation imposes responsibilities on the employer but also on the student as an 'employee':

- ✓ to take responsibility for their own health and safety and that of others who may be affected
  by what they do or do not do.
- ✓ to co-operate with the employer and to follow instructions on Health and Safety.
- ✓ not to interfere with or misuse anything provided for their health, safety or welfare.

The employer should be asked to confirm that they have a current Health and Safety Policy and that they will go through the relevant sections with the student at the start of the placement.

## 18. Working Time Regulations

Under the Working Time Regulations 1998 there are stringent daily and weekly working time limits for young workers (those that are over compulsory school age but under 18). Young workers may not work for more than 8 hours in any one day and 40 hours in any one week. Young workers are also entitled to a daily rest of 12 consecutive hours, a weekly rest of 48 hours and a rest break of 30 minutes where daily work time is more than 4½ hours. The employer should comply with the Working Time Regulations and should not require the student to work in excess of the limits set out above.

#### 19. Employer's and Public Liability Insurance

Employer's Liability Insurance covers the firm's legal ability for injuries sustained by employees (including students on work experience) whilst at work. Confirmation should be requested and received that the prospective 'employer' does have both Employer's and Public Liability Insurance in force and that the latter does not exclude abuse. The employer must notify their insurers that they participate in work experience placements. If the employer does not confirm that these Insurances are in place, students should not attend such establishments. It should be noted that Sole Traders have no requirement for Employers' Liability Insurance and a student would not have the protection available under such insurance. Placements with Sole Traders should therefore be avoided unless such insurance was confirmed as being in place.

### 20. Motor Vehicle Insurance

If the student will travel with an employee or their supervisor during the placement, it is essential that the vehicle is insured appropriately to cover the work experience student for business travel. As well as using school vehicles.

#### 21. Health, Safety, Welfare and Security

The employer recognises that a student on work placement is to be regarded as an employee for the purposes of Health and Safety legislation and the associated duty of care. A current health and safety policy will be maintained and there will be compliance with the provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and its relevant statutory provisions. The employer will undertake a suitable and sufficient risk assessment in relation to the health and safety of the student while on the placement, taking into account the student's inexperience, immaturity and lack of awareness of risks. At the start of the work placement, the employer will provide students with a health and safety induction, which will include workplace hazards and their control, fire, emergencies, first aid, accident reporting and security arrangements. Students will not do work prohibited by law, operate dangerous machinery, carry out any manual handling asks identified as being a risk to the student's health and safety, or be exposed to dangerous substances, radiation, extreme heat or cold, noise or vibration or any other work environment that may endanger their health and safety. Where appropriate, students will be provided with and instructed on the correct use of personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) and its use will be enforced. The employer will notify the parents/carers and school, by telephone and as soon as practicable, of any accident, or any case of ill health or any other incident which relates to the student's work placement. When appropriate, the employer will comply with the provisions of the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995. The employer will have access to adequate first aid facilities as required under the Health and Safety (First Aid Regulations 1981).

### 22. Group Work experience placements

There will be times when groups of students participate in work experience together. This will be at venues, like the Entertainer, De Vere Group hotel and Restore Latimer. There will be other providers used not just this group exclusively. This can be considered as a training exercises for independent placements. Not all students will need to participate in group placements before being able to work alone. But it will form part of the risk assessment process to ensure students can work independently

These placements, will be classified as a trip and visit and will be subjected to the normal controls that we have in place. Risk assessments and controls in place will be monitored and tracked via 'Evolve' to ensure quality of safety provision and impact of time spent in these placements and the value they represent. The same expectations will be in place around Health and Safety, Safeguarding of interns and staff. But as it will be run via a trip the school we will be better placed to oversee everyone's safety.

Section 8, 10 & 12 are exempt when carrying out group work experience.